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## In The Claims:

Claims 1-9 (Cancelled).

10. (Currently Amended) A method for monitoring the environment within a microfluidic device, comprising the steps of:

immobilizing a monitor structure in a channel of the microfluidic device by:

mixing a dye in a pre-polymer mixture [and providing the same as] to provide a pregel mixture;

injecting the pregel in the channel of the microfluidic device; and polymerizing the pregel <u>mixture</u> in the channel to form the monitor structure;

[and]

passing fluid over the monitor structure in the channel; and

providing a second monitor structure in the channel of the microfluidic device; and

passing fluid over the second monitor structure in the channel;

whereby:

the monitor structure generates a visual display independent of the size of the monitor structure in response to exposure to a parameter of the fluid having a predetermined value[.]; and the second monitor structure generates a visual display in response to exposure to a second parameter of the fluid having a predetermined value.

Claims 11-12 (Cancelled).

- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10 comprising the additional step of cleaning the channel of the microfluidic device after polymerizing the pregel <u>mixture</u>.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the pre-polymer mixture includes

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15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the pre-polymer mixture includes 2-hydroxy ethyl methacrylate (HEMA), acrylic acid (AA), ethylene glycol dimethacrylate (EGDMA), and 2,2-dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone (DMPA).

Second claim 15 (Cancelled).

16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the dye is congo red.

Claim 17 (Cancelled).

18. (Currently Amended) A method for monitoring the environment within a microfluidic device, comprising the steps of:

mixing a dye in a pre-polymer mixture [and providing the same as] to provide a pregel mixture;

injecting the pregel <u>mixture</u> into a channel of the microfluidic device;

polymerizing the pregel <u>mixture</u> in the channel to form a monitor structure; [and]

passing fluid over the monitor structure in the channel such that the dye changes color in response to a parameter of the fluid having a predetermined value[.]; <u>and</u>

passing fluid over a second monitor structure provided in the channel such that the second monitor structure changes color in response to a second parameter of the fluid having a predetermined value.

Claim 19. (Cancelled)

20. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the monitor structure changes dimension in response to a predetermined value of a second parameter of the fluid.

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- 21. (Original) The method of claim 18 comprising the additional step of cleaning the channel of the microfluidic device after polymerizing the pregel.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the pre-polymer mixture includes a hydrogel, a photo-initiator and a cross-linker.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the pre-polymer mixture includes 2-hydroxy ethyl methacrylate (HEMA), acrylic acid (AA), ethylene glycol dimethacrylate (EGDMA), and 2,2-dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone (DMPA).
  - 24. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the dye is phenolphthalein.
  - 25. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the dye is congo red.

Claim 26. (Cancelled)

27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [26] <u>18</u> comprising the additional steps of:

mixing a second dye in a second pre-polymer mixture [and providing the same as] to provide a second pregel mixture;

injecting the second pregel <u>mixture</u> into the channel of the microfluidic device; and polymerizing the second pregel <u>mixture</u> in the channel to form the second monitor structure.

28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the dye is phenolphthalein.

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Claims 29-36 (Cancelled).